학술대회발표논문집

2012년 대한언어학회 가을 학술대회

■주제: 언어학 연구의 실제적 활용 - 이론, 교육 및 표기법을 중심으로 ■ 자체: 근에도 근다고 문제도 들어 하는, 표도 못 표기되는 하다고도 ■장소: 광주 전남대학교 진리관(경영대학과 인문대 1호관 사이) ■일시: 2012. 10. 20(토) 09:00 ~ 18:00

■등록비: 1만원(점심`및 프로시딩스 포함)

■주관: 전남대학교 영어교육과 ■후원: 한국연구재단, 전남대학교

- * 이 발표논문집은 2012년도 정부재원(교육과학기술부)으로 한국연구재단의 지원을 받아 전자발간 되었음
- * This work was supported by the National Research Foundation of Korea Grant funded by the Korean Government.

Prosodic modifications of the internal phonetic structure

of monosyllabic CVC words

Yoonsook Mo (Chonnam National Univ.)

Prosody serves an important function in speech communication: prosodic phrasing groups words into pragmatically and semantically coherent smaller chunks and prosodic prominence encodes discourse-level status and rhythmic structure of a word within a phrase. The acoustic characteristics in the speech signal are the primary source for listeners to decode prosodic structures and recover pragmatic and discourse meaning as intended by speakers. Words at the prosodic phrase boundary and under prominence are where the acoustic information is rich. As one of the major acoustic characteristics of prosody, this study reports how prosodic phrase boundary and prominence influence the temporal structure of the monosyllabic CVC word using speech excerpts from the Buckeye corpus of spontaneous conversational American English.

97 untrained, non-expert listeners were recruited from undergraduate courses at University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign. Using RPT (rapid Prosody Transcription), the transcribers marked prosodic prominences and boundaries while listening to the speech excerpts extracted from the Buckeye corpus of conversational speech of American English. Their transcriptions were done in real time. After collecting prosody transcriptions, the reliability of RPT was evaluated with Fleiss' kappa intertranscribers' agreement scores. Then, the durations and intensities of subsyllabic components (C, N, and O) were measured and the relationship between prosodic scores and the acoustic measures were examined by using non-parametric Spearman's correlation.

The results confirm findings from prior studies, showing that (1) monosyllabic CVC words are lengthened before a prosodic phrase boundary and under prominence, and (2) all subcomponents of a syllable, that is, the onset, nucleus, and coda of the monosyllabic word, are elongated, further show that (3) the magnitude of lengthening associated with prosody varies as a function of syllable position, (4) the magnitude of lengthening of subcomponents of monosyllabic CVC words varies as a function of prosodic characteristics, (5) the intensities of monosyllabic CVC words are reduced before a prosodic phrase boundary but no systematic relationship with prosodic prominence. Duration of the nucleus of the word is most strongly affected by both prosodic prominence and boundary and the onset and the coda of the word is also affected but to a lesser degree. The degree of durational effect of prosodic phrase boundary on the coda is larger than on the onset duration while the degree of durational effect of prosodic prominence on the onset is larger than on the coda. On the other hand, the degree of intensity effect of prosodic phrase boundary is the greatest on the coda, followed by the nucleus and the onset in order, while there is no effect of prosodic prominence on intensity profiles of CVC monosyllabic words. The findings indicate that prosody shapes the phonetic structure of a syllable of a monosyllabic CVC word.

References

- [1] Aylett, M. and Turk, A., The smooth signal redundancy hypothesis: A functional explanation for relationships between redundancy, prosodic prominence, and duration in spontaneous speech. *Language and Speech*, 47 (1), 31-56, 2004.
- [2] Beckman, M. E. and Edwards, J., Lengthenings and shortenings and the nature of prosodic constituency. In J. Kingston and M. E. Beckman (editors), *Papers in laboratory phonology I:* between the grammar and physics of speech, Cambridge University Press: Cambridge. 1990.
- [3] Byrd, D., Krivokapic, J., & Lee, S., How far, how long: On the temporal scope of prosodic boundary effects. *Journal of the Acoustical Society of America*, 120(3), 1589–1599. 2006.
- [4] Cambier-Langeveld, T., The domain of final lengthening in the production of Dutch. In J. Coerts and H. d. Hoop (editors), *Linguistics in the Netherlands*, John Benjamins: Amsterdam, 13–24, 1997.
- [5] Cambier-Langeveld, T. and Turk, A. E., A comparison of accentual lengthening in Dutch and English. *Journal of Phonetics*, 27, 255–280, 1999.
- [6] Crystal, T. H. and House, A. S., Segmental durations in connected-speech signals: Current results. Journal of the Acoustical Society of America, 83, 1553-1573, 1988.
- [7] Fleiss, J. L., Measuring nomial scale agreement among many raters. Psychological Bulletin, 76 (5), 378-382, 1971.
- [8] Greenberg, S., Carvey, H., Hitchcok, L., and Chang, S., Temporal properties of spontaneous speech- a syllable-centric perspective. *Journal of Phonetics*, 31, 465-485, 2003.
- [9] Klatt, D. H., Vowel lengthening is syntactically determined in a connected discourse. *Journal of Phonetics*, 3, 129–140, 1975.
- [10] Pitt, M.A., Dilley, L., Johnson, K., Kiesling, S., Raymond, W., Hume, E. and Fosler-Lussier, E., *Buckeye Corpus of Conversational Speech* (2nd release), Department of Psychology, Ohio State University (Distributor), Columbus, OH, Online: www.buckeyecorpus.osu.edu, 2007.
- [11] Turk, A. E. and Sawusch, J. R., The processing of duration and intensity cues to prominence. *Journal of the Acoustical Society of America*, 99 (6), 3782-3790, 1996.
- [12] Turk, A. E. and Sawusch, J. R., The domain of accentual lengthening in American English. *Journal of Phonetics*, 25, 25-41. 1997.
- [13] Turk, A. E. and Shattuck-Hufnagel, S., Multiple targets of phrase-fianl lengthening in American English words. Journal of Phonetics, 35, 445-472. 2007.
- [14] Turk, A. E. and White, L., Structural influences on accentual lengthening in English. *Journal of Phonetics*, 27, 171-206, 1999.
- [15] Wightman, C. W., Shattuck-Hufnagel, S., Ostendorf, M., & Price, P. J., Segmental durations in the vicinity of prosodic phrase boundaries. *Journal of the Acoustical Society of America*, 91(3), 1707–1717, 1992.

Name: Yooonsook Mo

Affiliation: Chonnam National University

Email: yoonsook@gmail.com